

# CORIDA

A water dispersible granule containing 750 g/kg tribenuron-methyl, a sulfonylurea, for broad-leaved weed control in wheat and barley.



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**Tribenuron-Methyl 750 g/kg**  
**MAPP 18247**

**HERBICIDE**

PROTECT FROM FROST.

#### Marketing Company:

Zenith Crop Sciences Bulgaria Ltd, 75-83 Dimitar Manov Str., 1408 Sofia, Bulgaria, +3592 9150500

#### Distributed by:

Hockley Agro UK Limited, 3 Longstone Road, Ashbrook Office Park, Manchester, M22 5LB, UK.

**Tel:** 0161 209 7400 **Email:** [info@hockleyagro.co.uk](mailto:info@hockleyagro.co.uk)



**50ge**

**Hockley**  
**Agro UK**

**FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.**

Contains 750 g/kg tribenuron-methyl

**WARNING!**

**VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS**

Keep out of reach of children.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release in to the environment.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site.

Contains tribenuron-methyl. May produce an allergic reaction.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.



The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Peel here

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **Operator protection**

Protective clothing, as well as the application equipment must be cleaned thoroughly after handling. Empty and rinse tank completely.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

In case of eye contact, rinse thoroughly with water spray. Consult physician if irritation persists.

In case of inhalation, move to fresh air.

If swallowed, consult physician.



### **Environmental information**

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (do not clean application equipment near surface water/avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads).

## **Storage and disposal**

Store in tightly closed containers, out of direct sunlight. Recommended storage temperature: 20°C. Keep in unopened original packing. Keep in cool, dry, well-ventilated place far from sources of ignition. Prevent static electricity generation. Do not allow accumulation of dust in significant concentrations. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from: medicinal products, food, forage, fertilizers and seed, explosive substances, highly reactive oxidizing substances.

Disposal must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the national legislation, in an environmentally safe manner. Recommended treatment method: burning in appropriately licensed incinerators. Collection of small product quantities: store in solid waste containers. The container should be clearly labelled, with content description, danger indication pictograms, H and P- phrases. Store in well-ventilated areas, until deposit to a licensed waste disposal company. The water used for contaminated surface washing should be collected for further treatment. Do not dispose into the sewage system. Do not pollute natural water sources. DISPOSE OF CONTENTS/CONTAINERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL REGULATIONS. Do not re-use the empty containers for any purposes.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**IMPORTANT:** This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

## **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

This product contains tribenuron-methyl, which is an ALS inhibitor, also classified by the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee as 'Group B'. When herbicides with the same mode of action are used repeatedly over several years in the same field, selection of resistant biotypes can take place. These can propagate and may become dominating. A weed species is considered resistant to a herbicide if it survives a correctly applied treatment at the recommended dose. Development of resistance with a weed species can be avoided or delayed by alternating (or tank mixing) with suitable products having a different mode of action. A strategy for preventing and managing resistance should be adopted. The Weed Resistance Action Group has produced guidelines and copies are available from the AHDB, CPA, your distributor, crop advisor or product manufacturer.

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION  
FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE**

<b>Crop</b>	<b>Maximum individual dose (g/ha)</b>	<b>Maximum number of treatments</b>	<b>Latest time of application</b>
Wheat	20 g/ha	1 per crop	GS39
Barley	20 g/ha	1 per crop	GS39

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE.  
FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

## **Warnings / Restrictions**

Due to the high level of activity of the herbicide, special care must be taken to avoid damage by drift on to broad-leaved plants outside the target area, or on to ponds, waterways or ditches. Thorough cleansing of equipment is also very important. Avoid spray drift during the application. Do not leave spray solution or mixtures in the spray tank for long periods after application. CORIDA should not be applied to any crop suffering from stress as a result of drought, waterlogging, low temperatures, pest or disease attack, nutrient or lime deficiency or other factors reducing crop growth. Do not use on cereal crops undersown with grasses, clover or other legumes or any other broad-leaved crops. Contract agents should be consulted before using on crops grown for seed. CORIDA should not be applied within 7 days of rolling the crop. Do not apply this product to any cereal crop in sequence or in tank-mixture with any product containing an 'ALS inhibiting' herbicide.

## **Weed control**

Weed control may be reduced when soil conditions are very dry.

CORIDA is a foliar-acting systemic herbicide for control of broad-leaved weeds in cereal crops.

To be effective CORIDA must be absorbed and translocated, therefore good spray cover must be present and ideally the weeds should be actively growing - up to 6 true leaves.

Weed	Susceptibility
Common chickweed; common field speedwell; volunteer oilseed rape*; common poppy; mayweed spp; field forget-me-not; red dead-nettle; common fumitory; redshank; black bindweed; shepherd's-purse; charlock.	S
Fat hen	MS
Geranium spp	MR

\* A dose of 10 g/ha will also control volunteer oilseed rape.

**Crops:**

CORIDA can be used post-emergence on all varieties of wheat and barley. It may be applied from the first node detectable (GS31) up to and including the flag leaf fully emerged stage (GS39) and only after 1st May in the year of harvest.

### **Rotational crops**

CORIDA has no negative effect on rotational crops, if sown/planted in the next calendar year. Only cereals are recommended to be sown up to 3 months after application. Before sowing, soil should be ploughed and cultivated to a depth of at least 15cm.

### **Mixing**

Quarter fill the tank with clear water, add the required quantity of CORIDA, than fill up the tank with agitation. Continue with the agitation during spraying.

### **Processing crops**

Contact processors before using on crops for processing.

### **Application method**

Application should be made in 200-400 litres of water per hectare, using suitable ground equipment to give good spray cover of the weeds. Apply as a MEDIUM spray quality (as defined by BCPC). When crops are thick or weed growth is dense, use 400 litres of water per hectare. Care should be taken not to overlap spray swaths. Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift on to non-crop plants outside of the target area.



### **Spray tank clean-out**

Immediately after use, the sprayer and all other equipment must be thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated to prevent any traces of CORIDA remaining in the sprayer and causing damage to crops treated subsequently with the sprayer. Thoroughly clean and decontaminate the sprayer including the outside of the sprayer, lid, booms, nozzles and all other equipment, using either a proprietary mixture of sodium hypochlorite and caustic potash formulated for this purpose, OR domestic ammonia solution.

DO NOT use a combination of sodium hypochlorite and ammonia in any cleaning procedure due to the risk of dangerous fumes.

1. Drain the sprayer and clean the outside to remove any contamination.
2. Rinse the inside of the tank with water and flush through the booms, hoses and nozzles using clean water to fill at least 10% of the tank volume, then drain the tank until completely empty.
3. Half-fill the spray tank with clean water and add a proprietary tank cleaner (as above) in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. As an alternative, use 0.3 litres of domestic ammonia solution (typically 9% strength) per 100 litres of tank capacity (or equivalent to give a final strength in the sprayer of 0.03%). Agitate and then flush the boom, hoses, and nozzles with the solution and drain. Fill the tank with clean water and agitate for a minimum of 15 minutes. Flush the hoses and boom and drain until empty. (If the tank does not empty completely, repeat the procedure using fresh proprietary tank cleaning mixture or household ammonia as above).
4. Remove the sprayer nozzles and all filters, clean and soak in a solution of proprietary tank cleaner or household ammonia of 0.03% as used in the sprayer.
5. Carry out a final rinse of the sprayer with clean water using a minimum of 10% of the tank volume and then flush through the boom and hoses, drain and leave to dry.
6. Follow the Code of Practice for the Safe Use of Pesticides on Farms and Holdings for the disposal of sprayer and tank washings. Do not spray on to land intended for cropping with sensitive crops.

## **CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY**

The supplier guarantees that the product is of good quality and suitable for the control of diseases listed above if used in accordance with label instructions. However, as the supplier has no control over product storage, handling, mixing or use which may affect levels of control achieved, particularly when used under adverse weather conditions, any warranties (statutory or otherwise) regarding quality of performance of the formulation are not applicable. In consequence no claims of or responsibility for failure of disease control, damage or injury to crops will be accepted by either the manufacturer or supplier.